

Supplementary On-Line Material for:
**High thermoelectric performance in
two-dimensional tellurium: An *ab initio* study**

Zhibin Gao,[†] Gang Liu,^{*,‡} and Jie Ren^{*,†}

[†]*Center for Phononics and Thermal Energy Science, China-EU Joint Center for Nanophononics,
Shanghai Key Laboratory of Special Artificial Microstructure Materials and Technology, School
of Physics Sciences and Engineering, Tongji University, Shanghai 200092, China*

[‡]*School of Physics and Engineering, Henan University of Science and Technology, Luoyang
471023, China*

E-mail: liugang8105@gmail.com; Xonics@tongji.edu.cn

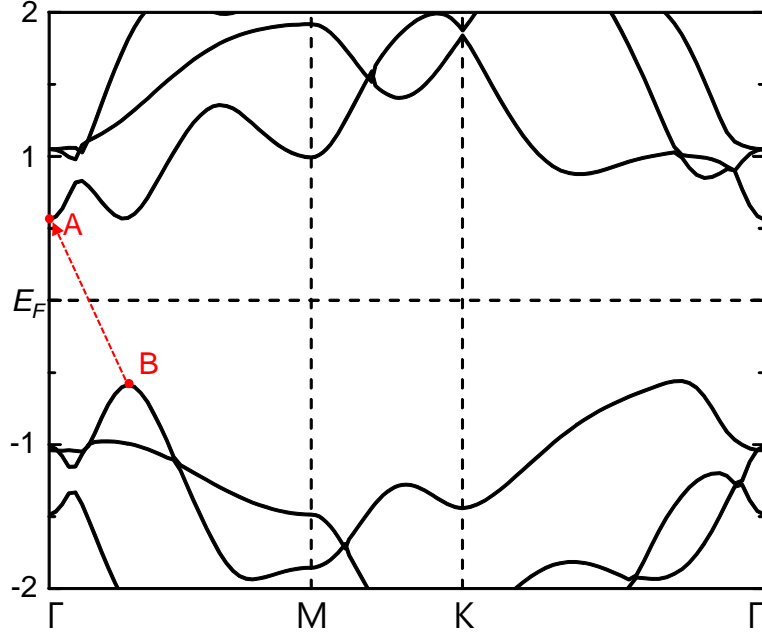


Figure S1: Electronic band structure of α -Te at HSE06 level, which narrows the range of electronic energy in Figure 1(c) in the main text from $[-4 \text{ eV}, 4 \text{ eV}]$ to $[-2 \text{ eV}, 2 \text{ eV}]$. The lowest (highest) point in conduction (valence) band is tagged with capital letter A (B).

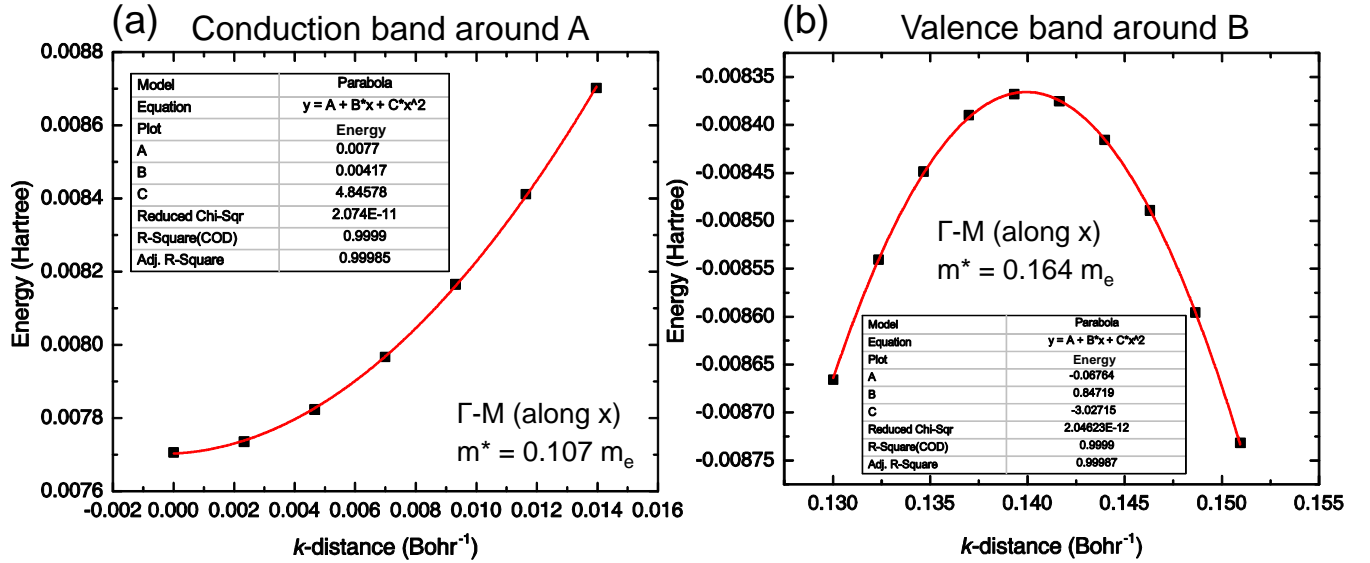


Figure S2: Effective masses m^* along the x or y direction in the isotropic α -Te material, calculated as $m^* = \hbar^2 (\partial^2 E / k^2)^{-1}$ by fitting (a) conduction band minimum around A point and (b) valence band maximum around B point to a quadratic function.